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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2013/Jan.2014 Computer Graphics and Visualization

Mme: 3 hrs.

Max. Mark

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

a. Briefly explain the applications of computer graphics.
b. Explain the process of image formation with pinhole camera as an example. Derive the expression or angle of view.

2 a. Write an openG recursive program for 3D sierpinsky gask that relevant comments.

b. Explain the seven major groups of functions of a good APL

(12 Marks) (08 Marks)

3 a. Enlist the features of good interactive program.

(06 Marks)

b. How pop-up menus are created using GLUT? Illustrate with an example.

(10 Marks)

c. What is double buffering? Explain the advantages of double buffering.

(04 Marks)

4 a. What are vertex arrays? Show how vertex arrays can be used to represent a cube in openGL.

b. A square in a two dimensional extent is specified by its vertices (6, 6) (10, 6) (10, 10) and (6, 10). Implement the following by its first finding a composite transformation matrix for the sequence of transformation:

i) Rotate the square by 43° about its vertex (6, 6)

ii) Scale the original square by a factor of 2 about its centre.

(10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Obtain the matrix representation for rotation of a point about an arbitrary axis in a 3D space.

 (10 Marks)
 - Show that the following three dimensional sequences are commute:
 - i) Application and a uniform scaling.
 ii) Two rotations about the same axis.

(10 Marks)

- 6 a. Briefly explain the perspective and parallel views in openGL. Give example.
 - b. What is mesh? With example explain how meshes are generated.

(10 Marks) (10 Marks)

7 a. Describe the phong lightening model. What are its advantages?

(10 Marks)

b. Briefly explain the different types of light sources supported by openGL.

(10 Marks)

- 8 a. Use Leang Barsky line clipping algorithm to clip a line from starting point (30, 15) and ending point (65, 35) against the window having its lower left corner at (40, 10) and upper right corner at (75, 25). (10 Marks)
 - b. Use Bresenham's line algorithm to digitalize a line from point (0, 0) to point (6, 4) (10 Marks)

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